

HISTORIC PLACES DOCUMENTATION SHEET

PLACE NAME: CULLODEN CASTLE (Former Hotel)
 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CITY OF GEELONG WEST

Geealong Regional Commission

Sheet 277

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY (References)

STYLE OR PERIOD: Colonial Georgian

ARCHITECT(S)/DESIGN ORIGIN: Unknown
 Reference:

BUILDER:
 Reference:

PRINCIPAL ARTISANS/ARTISTS/TRADES
 Reference:

TENDER NOTICE:
 Reference:

DATE(S) OF CONSTRUCTION c. 1853

Reference: Seaton, Gladys, The Ashby Story - A History of Geelong West p.51

ESTIMATE/CONTRACT VALUE

SUBSEQUENT WORKS/ALTERATIONS/ADDITIONS

1884, Joseph Watts called tenders for alterations and additions to the Hotel.

In 1978 the interior was remodelled and converted into a restaurant. Additions have been made to the rear and the paint finish removed from the lap robe ice, & Spring St. facades.

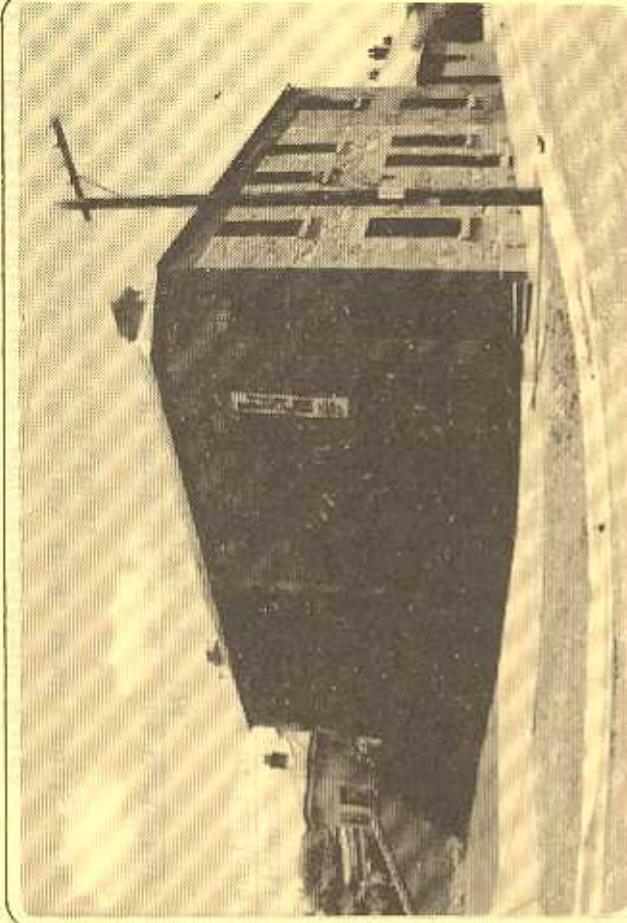
ORIGINAL OWNER(S)/OCCUPANT(S)

Alexander Forbes, Licensee

SUBSEQUENT SIGNIFICANT OWNERS/OCCUPANTS

c. 1854, Angus Campbell
 c. 1882, John More Licensee
 c. 1890, Samuel Young.

OTHER NOTES



NEGATIVE FILE:

Australian Heritage Commission
 Register of National Estate

National Trust of Aust. (Vic)
 Recorded
 File No. A131

Geealong Regional Commission
 Register No. 128

IDENTIFICATION DATA

PLACE NAME Culloden Castle Hotel
 ADDRESS 226 Orr Lycroft Terrace & Spring Street,
 Geealong West, 3218,

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA
 TITLE INFORMATION

MAP REFERENCE

PRESENT USE Restaurant.
 PRESENT OWNER/LESSEE D.L. Stray - and also (See Over)
 ADDRESS 2 Brasseys Avenue,
 Highton, 3216.
 TELEPHONE (052)

PLACE NAME CULLODEN CASTLE (Former Hotel)
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA CITY OF GEELONG WEST

DOCUMENTATION REFERENCES AND BIOGRAPHIC NOTES

Geelong Advertiser, 18th July 1884, tender notice for alterations and additions.

Brownhill, W.R., The History of Geelong and Corio Bay, Wilke and Co., Melbourne, 1955, p. 374.

Seaton, Gladys, The Ashby Story - A History of Geelong West, Adams Printers for Geelong West City Council, 1978, pp. 51, 55.

National Trust of Australia (Victoria), File No. 1181.

CITATION

The former Culloden Castle Hotel, a two storey Colonial Georgian style structure built of Barrabool sandstone, was erected in 1853 for Alexander Forbes, licensee. The architect for the original premises is unknown. Joseph Watts, architect, called tenders for extensive brick additions in 1884. The Culloden Castle Hotel, now delicensed, was built at the height of the gold rushes to accommodate immigrants and new settlers. It is a fine surviving example of Colonial Georgian architecture in Victoria and freely derived from N.S.W. and Tasmanian architecture of the early 19th century.

- SIGNIFICANCE OF PLACE
 Its creative and/or technical accomplishment.
 Its demonstration of a way of life, custom, process or function no longer practised, in danger of being lost or of exceptional interest.
 Its strong association with an important figure or figures, development, or cultural phase.
 Its townscape and/or landscape value.
 Its scarcity value.

SIGNIFICANCE

- LOCAL REGIONAL STATE NATIONAL WORLD

CONDITION

- EXCELLENT GOOD FAIR DETERIORATED RUINS

INTEGRITY

- HIGH LOW ALTERED DAMAGED

RECOMMENDATIONS: PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Historic Buildings Council Register
Geelong Regional Commission Register.

PRESENT OWNER/LESSOR
ADDRESS

Yatara Nominees Pty, Ltd
226 Latrobe Terrace,
GEELONG WEST 3218

DOCUMENTATION - Allan Willingham, Architect, 151 McKean St.,
North Fitzroy. 3068. Tel: 03 489 8492.

SIGNATURE.....DATE.....

CITY OF GEELONG WEST

URBAN CONSERVATION STUDY. BUILDING IDENTIFICATION FORM

BUILDING ADDRESS

326 Latrobe Terrace

Type

Original Use

PRESENT BUILDING TITLE

Culloden Castle Restaurant formerly Hotel Culloden Castle

EXISTING DESIGNATION	HBR	AGR	NGR	CROS	NATIONAL TRUST	
					Classified	Recorded
Reg. No.	-	-	-	128	-	181
CONSERVATION AREA No.	Name					Ashby
Survey Date	7.2.86					
Neg. File	C01 - C08					
PERIOD						
pre 1860	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					
1860 - 1879	<input type="checkbox"/>					
1880 - 1899	<input type="checkbox"/>					
1900 - 1919	<input type="checkbox"/>					
1920 - 1939	<input type="checkbox"/>					
post 1940	<input type="checkbox"/>					
MATERIALS						
walls	Barabool sandstone					
brick						
roof	slate					
CONSTRUCTION DATE	c. 1853					source
	Willington					



SIGNIFICANT FEATURES

- | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| original materials | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | early paint colour scheme or original unpainted finish | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | ornamental wall detailing | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| original doors, windows, hoods | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | intact verandah / porch structure | <input type="checkbox"/> | original parapet | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| original roof form and finish | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | original chimneys | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | eaves, roof or gable decoration | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| intact verandah decoration | <input type="checkbox"/> | early fence | <input type="checkbox"/> | early garden | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| other prominent contributing elevations | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> | | <input type="checkbox"/> |

INTEGRITY RATING

excellent

good

fair

poor

LORRAINE HUDDLE

LOUISE HONMAN

RICHARD AITKEN

Architectural & Conservation Consultants

CITY OF GEELONG WEST

URBAN CONSERVATION STUDY BUILDING IDENTIFICATION FORM

BUILDING ADDRESS

226 LATROBE TERRACE.

HISTORY

A licence was obtained for the Culloden Castle by Alexander Forbes in 1853 and its construction date is presumed to be at the height of the gold rushes. It is clearly marked on the 1854 map by Taylor, (see the portion of the map attached). Subsequent licencees were Hugh Campbell by 1858, John More, c.1882 and Samuel Young c.1890. Alterations and additions took place in 1884 when Joseph Watts called tenders. Subsequent additions were by Buchan Laird and Buchan, but in 1964 the hotel closed after being in business for 111 years. In 1978 it was remodelled into a restaurant. The Culloden Castle's Scottish origins are reinforced by its prominent location at the entrance to Spring Street, Little Scotland's busiest street in the nineteenth century.

DESCRIPTION

The Culloden Castle is a two storey hotel built of Barrabool sandstone. The original design origin is unknown but is freely derived from colonial Georgian examples in New South Wales and Tasmania. The Latrobe Terrace elevation is of ashlar blocks with quoining to window and door openings. The projecting quoinwork is also carried across the face of the building to give alternate raised bands of stonework an usual decorative feature, which can also be seen on 10 and 12 Coronation Street. The side elevation is of random coursed rubble. The brick extension was designed by the architect Joseph Watts in 1884 and was rendered. Windows are multipaned double hung, and the roof is slate. Rear extensions were added when the building changed use to a restaurant. Its external integrity is good apart from the sandblasted bricks, however internally it is totally renovated.

SIGNIFICANCE

The Culloden Castle is one of Victoria's finest surviving Colonial Georgian Hotels. It is of great importance as a reminder of the building boom at the height of the gold rushes and the role of hotels in accommodating immigrants and new settlers. It is only one of two hotel buildings left in the area formerly known as Little Scotland. It is of State Significance.

POLICY/RECOMMENDATIONS

Historic Buildings Register, National Estate Register, G.R.P.S.

REFERENCES

- Taylor's 1854 map of Ashby, Little Scotland and portion of Kildare.
Investigator, Vol. 12, No. 1, March 1977, p. 25. and Vol. 9, No. 1, p.97.
Buchan Laird and Buchan Index. GHRC.
A. Willingham, 'Historic Places Documentation Sheet' No. , GRC.
Latrobe Library SPF. H19404.
G.Seaton, The Ashby Story - A History of Geelong West, G.West C. C., 1978,p. 51, 55.

