SAILOR'S REEF MINE

-		Plac	ce No.	354			
ADDRESS	42-56 Gold Memorial Road & end Hodgsons Road	l Las	t Update				
	Warrandyte						
DESCRIPTION	The Great Southern Mine ran NNE mid-way between the east end of Hodgsons Road and the creek, parallel to the Warrandyte Main South Anticline. It consisted of three shafts, each 4-6 fee wide : a north shaft 100 feet deep, terminating in a short tunnel along the bottom of the seam, a central shaft about 120 feet deep, 80 feet further south and a further 80 feet further south, a south shaft about 50 feet deep. It is on private property.						
	The Sailor's Reef Mine was almost parallel to and east of Gold Memorial Road at about no. 34, just north of a small creek. There are quarry excavations on the road here.						
	Because they are on private property, the location or even existence of these mines is now not generally known.						
	Other Gold mines in Warrandyte include Black Flat : the Dyke (1876), Black Swan Mine and Caledonia Mine (1903-1910); Fourth Hill & Whipstick Gully : Fourth Hill Tunnel (1856-8), Fifth Hill West Mine, Johnson's Mine, Gardeners Mine, Victory Mine (1896), Mantons Mine (1951-65 other : South Caledonia Mine and Pigtail Mine (c1874)						
	Condition -	ntegrity Not kn	own				
	Threats H	Key elements					
	Designer						
	 physician of South Yarra and John Eara Ingle, butcher of Emerald Hill, as well as Dods [1]. There were 24,000 shares of which 8,000 were paid up to the value of 4,000 pounds. It was taken up again (with Great Southern) in 1903 by Mr McGee [2]. The Great Southern Quartz (Claim) Company was owned by Ben Logan and David Cargill, with Grant and Watkins, tributors. Ben Logan had taken out gold licence no. 235 on March 31, 1853. He lived in a timber cottage on the west side of Anderson Street, south of Yarra Street (now 						
	destroyed) [3]. The mine was being dug, when it stopped 'on account of foul air' in December 1883, but crushing continued [4]. In September the next year, Logan obtained eleven ounces of smelted gold from almost 4 tons of quartz. It was reported that this was "an improvement, and there is every likelihood of its continuing as good for some time"[5]. By the end of October, they struck "some very good stone", and a crushing of 4 tons yielded 6 ounces and 14 pennyweights of smelted gold. A share changed hands after this for 25 pounds.						
	"I suppose this is the first share sold for anything like this sum for some years", it was observed[6]. In the next month, 5 tons were milled, obtained in 9(?) days work, producing 20 ounces, 13 pennyweights of smelted gold. "Mr Cargill who a fortnight ago purchased a proprietor's share for 25 pounds, will get back his money in the first crushing. He was offered, by a local man, 40 pounds for his share, which was refused. The tributors paid 12 1/2% of the gross yield of gold. The whole of the ground to the north had been taken up and work commenced by the several parties. This should certainly be an impetus to prospecting"[7].						
	In March 1885, they obtained 5 ounces from 3 1/2 tons and expected a better crushing next time[8]. Records show the output had been as high as 20 ounces, 12 pennyweights from 5 tons, and consistently over an ounce from a ton, at about 4-5 pounds an ounce in value[9]. In August 1885, John A. Logan became a partner, the three men holding third shares.						
	No further reports follow, but in July 1890, work work prospecting there is little doubt this will also be pa	•	-				

prospecting there is little doubt this will also be payable"[10]. Ben Logan died in 1892 at

Warrandyte, aged 69. The Evelyn Observer commented : "One by one the old residents of the fifties are passing away, there being now only three left, I think."[11]

A further attempt was made by a Mr McGee on the Great Southern (and Sailor's) in September 1903. Then it was producing as much as 10 ounces to the ton, without machineryt, giving about 3 ounces to the co-operative parties involved.[12]

Creation Date	Change Dates		
Associations	Local Themes		
Ben Logan			

STATEMENT OF
SIGNIFICANCEThe Great Southern Mine and the Sailor's Reef Mine are of local historical significance as
physical evidence of Warrandyte's gold-mining past of the period from 1872 to 1903, particularly
the mid 1880s and the Great Southern Mine for its association with the early miner, Ben Logan.

LEVEL

RECOMM	IENDATIONS			
	Heritage Register Listings Register	Reference	Zoning	Status
	None Specified	Kelefelice	Zonnig	Status
	Extent			
	Heritage Schedule			
	External Paint Controls:	On VHR:		VHR Ref No:
	Internal Alteration Controls:	Prohibited U	ses:	
	Tree Controls:	Aboriginal H	Ieritage Place:	
	Outbuildings or Fences:	Incorporated	Plan:	Incorporated Plan Details
	Description:			-
	Conservation Management Extra Research			
BIBLIOG	 RAPHY [1] Victoria Government Ga [2] The Evelyn Observer, Sa [3] Typed note of contents of [4] Observer, op.cit., Decem [5] Ibid, September 19, 1884. [6] Ibid, October 31, 1884. [7] Ibid, November 11, 1884. [8] Ibid, March 20, 1885. [9] Logan's Diary, Held WH [10] Observer, op.cit., July [11] Ibid, July 8, 1892. Des Warrandyte and Warrandyte [12] Observer, op.cit., Septer 	eptember 18, 1903 of Logan's diary. ober 21, 1883 4. 4. IS. I1, 1890. scendants of Logan South from 3rd to ember 8, 1903.	and his wife Jane 6th generations, ir	-